Name: $\qquad$ Due Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Chapter 2, section 2 assessment

1. Define Mass
2. Why is mass more useful than weight for measuring matter?
3. Define volume
4. Define density
5. What measurements must you make to determine the density of a sample of matter?
6. How can you determine whether a solid substance is more or less dense than water?

Use the density triangle to complete the following density calculations.

7. A piece of metal has a volume of $38 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ and a mass of 277 g . Calculate its density.
8. Iron has a density of $7.9 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$. Calculate the mass of $38 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of Iron.
9. Lead has a density of $11.37 .9 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$. What would be the volume of 277 g . of Lead?
10. Water has a density of $1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. Rubbing alcohol has a density of $0.8 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. Honey has a density of $1.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$. milk has a density of $1.2 \mathrm{~g} . \mathrm{ml}$. If you were to carefully pour all four of these into a glass, they would settle into layers. Sketch and label the layers.


